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eBirok: An Online Repository for Theses and Dissertations

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ABSTRACT

Ibirok in Ilocano means to search, and as for the eBirok, the name of the developed application means electronic search. This research aimed to design and develop an online repository of all theses and dissertations of both graduate and undergraduate students. The developed system provides an easier way to access the electronic copy of the manuscript of theses and dissertations using a more advanced and accurate search and providing an author-generated metadata and system-generated metadata.

The system also provides an efficient and reliable process of recording and filing of records and updating research information, generating needed reports, and providing a downloadable copy of the manuscript. The automation of accessing manual process of searching and adding theses and dissertations will surely enhance the processes. It will minimize the burden of work of the students who are conducting researches, theses, and dissertations.

Key words : e-Research, Manuscript, Electronic Thesis and Dissertation, ETD, Thesis, Dissertation

1. INTRODUCTION

Electronic information processing using computers allow for more efficient processing and storage of data. With the huge increase of research output, different schools and companies have developed an electronic system wherein information and output from these researches are kept in more organized storage.

A library is a place where information is disseminated professionally to needy clients in a user-friendly environment [1]. Simply stated, libraries are still the most likely place where one can find specific information in an easily accessible, physical location. A library is a storehouse of information. [2] stated that libraries play the role of information providers in society by selecting, acquiring, organizing, and preserving information for easy access and retrieval. Library professionals are passionate about the role of the library in providing access to the world of information. One of the fundamental roles of the library is the preservation of information and knowledge for the researchers. The manuscript is being converted into electronic format and compiled into what is called the electronic theses and dissertations (ETD). According to [3], ETD is defined as a new way of carrying out the functions of libraries of encompassing new types of information resources, new approaches to classification and cataloging, intensive use of electronic systems and networks, and dramatic shifts in intellectual, organizational and electronic practices. The development of ETDs aid researchers in the search for related literature through the usable interfaces integrated therein.

Electronic theses and dissertations (ETD) have earned increasing attention to the academe. Before this study and along with study related to (ETD) that there are functional requirements that have been already defined such as the capability of keeping an electronic record about the researcher/s, thesis title, and dissertation, and other research that is being published in a school or establishment. Another functional feature is the capability to store a digital version of each thesis and dissertation specifically on its abstract.

Capability to search for the different title and producing the list of all researches or thesis or dissertation being conducted by a single person is also one of the functional requirements of ETD, and lastly the capability of the software to locate and show the digital version of the abstract of each research, thesis or dissertation whether in pdf form or doc form.

Related literature from [4] said that books had earned a trusted spot in culture as legitimate sources of information, having been vetted by an entire network of people, the internet does not always have that same quality assurance. However, it does have the wisdom of the crowds, relying on that at least one reader will catch and point out the mistakes. Therefore, it is upon the hands of the researcher what to cite, and it depends on the perspective of the researcher.

On the other hand, different State Universities and Colleges in the Philippines are required to conduct researches and the growing numbers of students' undergraduate or graduate studies, which requires them to make their theses or dissertations. As a result, they compile a bulk of these researches, theses; dissertations are always the output. As cited by [14] researches in areas that indicate learning experiences on technologies that support learning platforms, education, and course structure have been undertaken. Furthermore, as stated by [16] that the development of this type of research can contribute to the scientific community. There is a need for State University and Colleges to keep these records because of the high demand for research in SUCs. Likewise, there is always a need for related references, so each SUC kept a copy of these manuscripts for future use of the different researches to be conducted. Technology can be instrumental of development id education along information and communication. As stated by [17] technology provides information and communication between anyone, anywhere, or at any time

1.1 Statement of Objectives

This study aimed to design and develop eBirok: An Online Repository for Theses and Dissertations.

Specifically, the study aims to achieve the following:

- 1. Describe the data required by stakeholders;
- 2. Determine the hardware and software requirements for the system; and
- 3. Describe the features of the system.

1.2 Conceptual Framework





Figure 1 shows the research paradigm. The researcher adopted the input-process-output (IPO) model as a guide in conducting the study. Data required by stakeholders; Hardware and software requirements for the system; and Features of the system; are the (input) for the study. Rapid Application Development (process) to create the "eBirok: An Online Repository for Theses and Dissertations"(output). **2. METHODS**

This presents the research design, the participants of the study, the data gathering tools, the data gathering procedures, and the software methodology used in the study.

2.1 Research Design

The researcher adopted a descriptive-developmental type of research. According to [1], a descriptive-developmental type of research refers to research that provides an accurate portrayal of the characteristics of a particular individual, situation, or group. These studies are means of discovering new meaning describing what exists, determining the frequency with which something occurs, and categorizing information. The researcher decided to use this type because it suites the study; likewise, the collection of data is done using a series of interviews and observations. Other methods of the studies of [10], [11], [12] and [13] were used as a guide in the realization of the output of the study since these studies are the

same web application as the research study. 2.2 Software Development Methodology

The use of system development methodology plays an important role in system development. It serves as a guide to follow to set the direction of the design and development of the project. As stated by [5] "Rapid Application Development (RAD) was used because it is the most appropriate one and could develop faster through more expedient processes because of its iterative feature, which enabled the researchers to develop the system while it is being evaluated until it becomes almost perfect." The phases of Rapid Application Development (RAD) are adopted in the development of the project.

The RAD methodology has four phases: requirements planning, user design, construction, and implementation. The phases were adopted by the researcher and served as a guide in the development of the system.

2.2.1 Requirements Planning

In this phase, the researcher conducted interviews with the users of the system. From the activities, the researcher will be able to fully understand the system procedures, problems, as well as the scope of the project. Gathered information from different stakeholders helped the researcher identify the system needs. Furthermore, it is also in this phase where the project schedule is identified.

2.2.2 User Design

In line with this phase, the researcher created a user interface and followed the flow layout that has been determined from the previous phase. This phase had given an overview of what would be the possible outcome. An Entity Relationship Diagram and Use Case Diagram were constructed for the logical overview of the developed system.



Figure 2: ERD

Figure 2 shows the ERD of the study. It is used for a structural overview of the system's database.



Figure 3: Use Case

Figure 3 shows the use case diagram. This helped the researcher to identify the activities of each actors of the system.

2.2.3 Construction

It is in this phase; the researcher converted the models that are designed during the previous phase into a functional one and developed the project following the iterative cycles of development. This included the process of testing the developed system, refining requirements if necessary, and development again until the application becomes complete according to the requirement that is initiated. The below table is the construction of the database needed for input and storage of data of the develop application.

Table 1	•	Sample	Database	Instance
I able I	٠	Sample	Database	mstance

UID	UNAME	UFNAME	UMNAME	ULNAME
1	admin	Richard	Corpuz	Arruejo
2	codered073	Archie	Callejo	Arruejo
3	norie03	Norie	Tuzon	Tactay
4	reg	Chad	Corpuz	Arruejo
5	setsuna	Rogelio	Rabena	Rabena

Table 1 shows the actual data in the different fields of the system's database.

Table 2: Sample Database Schema

Fieldname	Data Type	Description
PID	int(11)	Primary Key
PTITLE	varchar(150)	Title of the research

PAUTHOR	varchar(500)	Author/s of the research
PDATE	date	Date of completion of
		the research
PABSTRACT	varchar(10000)	Abstract of the research

Table 2 presents the database schema of the system's database. It presents the name of fields, types of data and the size of the data it may accept for user's input.

2.2.4 Implementation/Cutover

It is in this phase where the new system procedures are introduced and integrated to be operational based on the environment where it is designed for, and conducted training to the system users.

2.3 Data Gathering Procedure

The researchers used interviews as the data-gathering tool to collect the data regarding the issues and challenges encountered.

2.4 Ethical Considerations

For ethical consideration, the study proposal went through the process of the UNP Ethics Review Committee (ERC) before the conduct (data gathering) of the study.

3. RESULTS

After the development of the software, the following statement of objectives were answered.

3.1 Data Requirement of Stakeholders

The attributes of the manuscripts are the metadata, which includes title, school, author, date and keyword, rating, and views in another study, rating, and the number of views.

3.3 Hardware Requirements

A hardware requirement specification is often accompanied by a hardware compatibility list, especially about the speed of the processor. Hardware requirements include the physical resources of the computer. It refers to the memory, the processor, and other peripherals of a computer.

HARDWARE	MINIMUM	RECOMMENDED
Processor	1 GHz	3 GHz or faster
RAM	4 GB	8 GB or Higher (16 GB
		max).
Hard Drive	500 GB	2 TB or Higher
Optical Drive	CD-ROM or	CD-RW OR DVD-RW
	DVD-ROM	
Motherboard	Compatible	Intel motherboard
	with 1.5 GHz	
	processor	
LAN	On-Board	On-Board LAN
	LAN 10/100	100Mbps / 1Gbps or
	Mbps	Higher.
Video Card	AGP 8X slot.	PCI express 16X or
	(128 MB;64	higher , (2GB or
	bit).	higher; 128 bits)
Casing	Mid-Tower	Server Box Type, Front
	Desktop,	panel USB 2.0 ports
	Front panel	Fire Wire Support) 8 in
	USB 2.0	1 Card Reader.

 Table 3: Hardware (Specifications)

Table 3 shows the minimum hardware requirements of the system needed by the server in the deployment of the system.

 Table 4: Software (Specifications)

SOFTWARE	RECOMMENDED
Operating	Windows Server 2010
System	
Database	WAMP Server/XAMMP Server
Server	
Software	Dreamweaver, Notepad++, Adobe
	Acrobat Reader
Web Browser	Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome
	Anti-Virus Server

Table 4 shows the software requirements of the system needed by the server in the deployment of the system.

3.3 Features of the eBirok: An Online Repository for Theses and Dissertations

The eBirok: An Online Repository for Theses and Dissertations, a responsive web system is developed to assist research staff, professors, UNP alumni, and most especially for the students who are currently conducting a research for thesis or feasibility studies. This study is developed after thorough research of the existing manual process of handling research studies. Similar and related studies were also searched over the internet that served as a reference for identifying relevant features of the system. As stated by [17] a responsive web system will be created, which indicates that it can be used both on the web and on cell phones, the latter being accessed through an URL.

The thorough discussion for the feature of the system are as follows:

3.3.1 Security Mechanism

One of the essential aspects of creating a system that is needed to be considered is security. In designing a reliable and secured system, the researcher should design it according to levels of access to a certain individual or user.

Primarily there are three levels of access as follows: the administrator, registered users, and guests. The administrator in this study is the research coordinator. The registered users are the students who are officially enrolled during the semester; the faculty members; and the librarians whose accounts may also be provided for researchers coming from other institutions but have sought permission to access the system from the library. The guests are unregistered users.

Privileges for the users also vary. The administrator is capable of managing the users of the system and uploading the manuscripts. The registered users are allowed to view and download the entire manuscript and rate the researches. Compared to the registered users, guests can only view the abstract of the studies.

Upon successful login, either by a Researcher or the Administrator, the same Home Page.

3.3.1 Advanced and Quick Search

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Figure 4: Advanced Quick Search

Figure 4 shows Advanced Quick Search mechanism of the system. This helps users to search with ease of the documents in the database of the system. The researcher may key-in words to easily find the needed manuscripts. The words or authors are among the metadata that was identified by the researcher, which could be used to easily locate researches. The quick search feature incorporating the use of metadata is based on the study of McKay as cited by [9], requiring ways and means so that researchers find information quickly.

3.3.3 Report Generation



Figure 5: Report Generation

Figure 5 shows the report generation feature of the system. It is a function that produces a complete data-processing report, given only a description of the desired content and format, plus certain information concerning the input file.

In this feature, the admin can make a report regarding the inventory of the researches that are in the system. The admin will simply select what year the research was completed, select the college department, and click "generate the report." After that, the report will display on the system. The admin can also print the generated report in the system by clicking the "print" button.

5. CONCLUSION

After careful analysis and interpretation of the data gathered, the following conclusions were drawn:

First, to collect, manage and showcase a permanent record of the research output, the researcher concludes that there will be a need for an open access system to the research studies that will facilitate the way of research. With the presence of the metadata, which is data being required by the stakeholders, the issues about accessibility has been answered. Second, to offer the minimum hardware and software requirements of the system for better usability of the developed system.

The features incorporated in the developed system serve as a solution to the requirement of the stakeholders. The system also provides functionalities such as security mechanism, quick and advanced search, system log, and report generation.

The eBirok: An Online Repository for Theses and Dissertations will improve the way of researching. It will benefit the University, students doing theses and dissertations, and researchers who want to access the developed system. The researcher believed that through the system, the University of Northern Philippines will become renowned in the field of research.

RECOMMENDATION

Based on the summary and conclusion of the study, the researcher came up with the following recommendations:

The University of Northern Philippines should adopt the eBirok: An Online Repository for Theses and Dissertations to manage manuscripts efficiently and effectively for research purposes and to contribute to the realization of the objective of the University of Northern Philippines, which is to improve man's quality of life through research and community services.

Further study should also be made available to interested institutions to participate or be involved in the developed system.

The researcher recommends future researchers to improve the developed eBirok: An Online Repository for Theses and Dissertations by upgrading the features of the system like adding a feature that will automatically convert the uploaded .doc file into .pdf file to easily facilitate the documents uploaded in the system. Also, the researcher recommends creating an android app or a mobile version of the system so that portability will be enhanced. The researcher also recommends future researcher to add a feature which will allow UNP cashier to collect for a certain amount from users of the system that are not from UNP.

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